

## Transatlantic Dialogue Center

## Weekly briefing January 8 – 14

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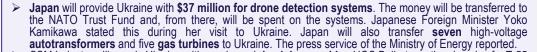
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CSM Industry will supply Ukraine with a universal demining machine UOS Bellarty on the chassis of a T-55 tank. The Slovakian company said they will dispatch an improved version of the UOS 155 Belarty II. This version can operate in a fully robotic GPS model with artificial intelligence.

- The National Guard of Ukraine (NGU) has received eight modern field hospitals from the Kingdom of the Netherlands. This was announced by the National Guard Commander Oleksandr Pivnenko. The field hospitals are equipped with an autonomous power supply, water supply, and sewage. They can operate without the external power supply using a diesel generator.
- The German defense company Flensburger Fahrzeugbau Gesellschaft has started the construction of an armored vehicle service center in Ukraine. It was announced by the German MP Markus Faber. "In the west of Ukraine, Flensburger Fahrzeugbau Gesellschaft is building a service center for armored vehicles that need repair, such as Leopard 1, which it supplied," the politician said. Faber notes that the deployment of repair facilities within the country will significantly increase efficiency and reduce the time for restoring equipment. In the future, costly and time-consuming transportation abroad will no longer be necessary, and the armed forces will be capable of training their mechanics on-site. FFG will become the second German defense company after Rheinmetall to set up its facilities in Ukraine.
- Estonia plans to provide military support to Ukraine in the amount of 0.25% of its GDP over the next four years. It was announced by the country's Prime Minister Kaja Kallas. The Prime Minister also called on partners around the world to follow Tallinn's example.
- Spain has hitched up two armored personnel carriers in the version for evacuating the wounded for transfer to Ukraine. It was stated by Spanish Foreign Minister Jose Manuel Albares.
- Sweden will transfer 50 million Swedish kronor (about \$5 million) to the NATO fund to help Ukraine. The press service of the country's government reported. "The money will be used to support projects that lack funding," they said. In particular, the purchase of defense equipment, fuel, medicines, and demining equipment.
- The Czech company Isolit-Bravo has donated UGV Trail-Blazer ground drones to the Ukrainian military, as reported by the Czech media. The Czech company supplies its ground drones to the Ukrainian forces at the front line to perform logistics tasks and evacuate the wounded. In total, Isolit-Bravo has already sent eight Trail-Blazer drones to Ukraine free of charge, and four more are ready for shipment.
- The British mobile air defense system, which uses ASRAAM missiles, has demonstrated successful results in Ukraine. The UK Ministry of Defense said that the rate of successful defeat of some Russian air targets reaches 90%. A joint group of the British Ministry of Defense and MBDA prepared the system in the short term, tested it, and trained Ukrainian crews. This air defense system is specifically effective against short-range targets.
- At a meeting of the NATO-Ukraine Council, the allies condemned Russia's intensified air strikes on Ukraine and outlined plans to provide billions of euros in aid to Ukraine in 2024. Allies will purchase up to a thousand missiles for the Patriot system to replenish their stockpiles and strengthen Ukraine's Air Defense Forces (UADF). Ukraine's mission to NATO clarified that some countries have announced new aid packages. NATO member states have called for sanctions against Iran and the DPRK in response to their supply of drones and ballistic missiles to Russia.

The Lower House of the Italian Parliament voted in favor of a resolution to continue military support for Ukraine to counter Russian aggression, ANSA reported. The adopted resolution obliges the Italian government to continue providing military support to Ukraine while supporting collective assistance within NATO, the EU, and international forums. First and foremost, the assistance lies in supporting Ukraine with military equipment and machinery.

- United Nations agencies will ask for \$3.1 billion next week to finance assistance to Ukraine this year. The statement was made by Edem Vosornu, Director of Operations and Advocacy at the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, according to Reuters.
- Within two days, on January 10 and 11, Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskiy visited Lithuania, Estonia, and Latvia. He emphasized that his first foreign tour in 2024 began with the Baltic states, as they have been helping Ukraine since the first days of Russia's full-scale invasion. The leaders agreed to further military cooperation and discussed Ukraine's integration into the EU and NATO. Zelenskyi warned his colleagues that if Russia destroys Ukraine, the Baltic states could be next.
- ➤ Lithuanian President Nauseda announces a €200 million package of long-term assistance to Ukraine. According to his words, Lithuania will send ammunition, generators, and detonation systems to Ukraine in January and M5777 armored personnel carriers in February. Lithuania and Ukraine have also agreed to co-produce anti-drone weapons. "Ukroboronprom became a partner of four Lithuanian defense companies. They produce sights, modern thermal imaging systems for remote initiation of explosions, electronic warfare, communication equipment, et cetera. These are NT Service, Brolis Semiconductors, RSI Europe, and DMEXS.
- ► Estonia will provide €1.2 billion in aid to Ukraine by 2027, Estonian President Karis said. "Within the EU, we have already granted support to Ukraine in the amount of about €5 billion. This support should be continued. Estonia's long-term contribution until 2027 will be 1.2 billion euros. Ukraine needs more and better weapons," he said.
- Latvia will provide Ukraine with another military aid package. It will include howitzers, ammunition, and anti-tank weapons. In addition, Rinkēvičs said, Latvia plans to conduct training for 3,000 Ukrainian soldiers in 2024 and will continue rehabilitation projects for Ukrainian military and border guards. The Latvian president added that Latvia has taken over the Drone Coalition within the framework of Ramstein.
- On January 11, the Lithuanian Ministry of Defense hosted a meeting of the Lithuanian-led coalition for demining Ukraine. The Lithuanian Defense Ministry reported this in their statement. The meeting was attended by the representatives of 25 countries.
- The Government of Japan will purchase medical equipment for 25 hospitals in 6 oblasts of Ukraine: Mykolaiv, Kyiv, Sumy, Dnipro, Kirovohrad, and Cherkasy. The press service of the Ministry of Health reported. As a part of the aid package, hospitals will receive portable ultrasound machines, defibrillators, syringe pumps, patient monitors, and generators.
- The EU will produce 1 million rounds of ammunition for Ukraine by the end of winter, the European Commission spokeswoman said. It refers to the promise to supply Ukraine with 1 million rounds of ammunition during the year until March 2024.
- Volodymyr Zelenskyi and Rishi Sunak have signed a security cooperation agreement, which the UK government called historic. According to the agreement, London will share intelligence with Kyiv, help with cybersecurity and military training, and strengthen defense-industrial cooperation. The United Kingdom is the first country to conclude a final agreement out of several countries that have announced their intentions. In addition, the United Kingdom will provide Ukraine with a military aid package worth £2.5 billion in 2024-2025. Sunak also said that the UK would provide Ukraine with 200 million pounds for producing various drones for Ukrainian needs. The country will also transfer drones, whose applicability is not disclosed.
- Romania will receive €126 million from the EU to invest in ports that have faced increased traffic since the Russian invasion of Ukraine. As per the statement on the website of the European Commission, the measure aims to facilitate trade for Ukraine under the EU's Solidarity Action Plan. The program will be running until December 31, 2024.
- The United States imposed sanctions on three Russian organizations and one individual involved in the supply to Russia and testing of ballistic missiles from North Korea.



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- > In the Volyn and Polissia directions, the operational situation remains without significant changes.
- > In the Siverskyi (Chernihiv Oblast) and Slobozhanskyi (Kharkiv Oblast) directions, the enemy maintains a military presence in the border areas, conducts active diversionary activities to prevent the transfer of our troops to threatening directions, and increases the density of mine and explosive barriers along the state border in the Belgorod Oblast.
- > In the Kupiansk direction, Ukrainian defenders repelled a number of enemy attacks near Synkivka and Petropavlivka, Kharkiv Oblast.
- > In the Lyman direction, Ukrainian troops repelled a number of attacks by the occupiers in the districts of Makiivka (Luhansk Oblast) and Hryhorivka and Vesele (Donetsk Oblast).
- > In the Bakhmut direction, Ukrainian soldiers repelled several enemy attacks near Andriivka and Klishchiivka.
- > In the Avdiivka direction, Ukrainian defenders continue to restrain the Russian troops, who keep trying to surround Avdiivka.
- > In the Marinka direction, Ukrainian soldiers continue to hold back the enemy in the areas of Krasnohorivka, Heorhiivka, Marinka, and Novomykhailivka of the Donetsk Oblast.
- > In the Shakhtarsk direction, the Defense Forces repelled enemy attacks south of Zolota Nyva and west of Staromaiorsk, Donetsk Oblast.
- > In the Zaporizhzhia direction, the Defense Forces repelled the attacks of the occupiers to the west of Verbove and Robotyne in the Zaporizhzhia Oblast.
- > In the Kherson direction, the Defense Forces will continue measures to expand the bridgehead. Despite significant losses, the Russian army keeps trying to knock our units out of their positions.
- > At the same time, Ukrainian soldiers continue to actively inflict losses in manpower and equipment on the occupying troops, exhausting the enemy along the entire front line.
- Russian occupation forces continue to suffer significant losses in personnel deployed in the East of Ukraine. Between the 6th and 10th of January, this year, personnel participating in the battles in the temporarily occupied Luhansk and Donetsk Oblasts arrived en masse in the hospitals and medical institutions of the Ministry of Defense of the Russian Federation.

	08.01	bo 55 cruise missiles.		Losses of the Russian army from 08.01.2023 to 14.01.2023	
		During the day, 35 combat clashes took place along the entire front line.	Liquidated personnel	5810	
	09.01	<ul> <li>During the day, 67 combat clashes took place along the front line.</li> <li>In the Avdiivka direction, Ukrainian defenders continue to hold back the enemy that keeps trying to surround the city. Ukrainian soldiers steadfastly hold the defense, inflicting significant losses on the occupiers.</li> </ul>	Tanks	58	
10.01		<ul> <li>During the day, 77 combat clashes took place at the front.</li> <li>The Russians are trying to advance in all directions, said Valerii Zaluzhnyi after a trip to the Kupiansk direction. The Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces</li> </ul>	IFVs	128	
	_	<ul> <li>published a video of the trip, during which he discussed further defense plans with the commanders.</li> <li>ISW notes, that on the left bank of the Kherson Oblast, the Russians are suffering colossal losses in equipment. According to American military analysts, up to 90% of Russian equipment is being destroyed near Krynky. In this sector, the Russians have huge problems with logistics and a shortage of means of radio-electronic warfare.</li> </ul>	Artillery systems / MLRS	105/5	
	10.0	<ul> <li>The number of the army of the Russian Federation in Ukraine is 462,000 people, and units are manned to 95%. This was stated by the representative of the Main Directorate of Intelligence (HUR/GUR), Vadym Skibitskyi. He said that this makes it possible to carry out rotations and avoid a new wave of mobilization.</li> <li>North Korea uses Ukraine as a testing ground for ballistic missiles that can carry nuclear warheads. This was announced by the permanent representative of</li> </ul>	Anti-aircraft warfare systems	12	
		<ul> <li>South Korea at the UN, Hwang Joon-Kook, Sky News wrote.</li> <li>According to Sky News, Iran has developed a new Shahed-107 kamikaze drone for the Russian army. The new version of the UAV is described as an "explosive and reconnaissance" drone, which is equipped with technology to search for combat targets, such as British and American MLRS. It is known that the Shahed-107 kamikaze drone is a search for combat targets.</li> </ul>	Aircraft / helicopters	0/0	
		<ul> <li>107 can be launched from a vehicle and has a range of up to 1,500 km.</li> <li>During the day, 73 combat clashes took place at the front.</li> </ul>	UAVs	43	
	_	The Russian Army continues its offensive operations in the Kupiansk, Lyman, and Bakhmut directions, the commander of the Ground Forces of the Armed Forces of Ukraine Oleksandr Syrskyi said. According to him, Ukrainian soldiers are firmly holding the defensive lines and inflicting significant losses on the Russians.	Ships/boats	0	
		<ul> <li>Ukraine has increased the production of drones, including FPV drones, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Ukraine Dmytro Kuleba said. In particular, the country is working on increasing production with its allies.</li> <li>12 planes and 26 helicopters were destroyed by the Ukrainian air defense in a day with the means provided by the partners. This was announced by Volodymyr Zelanekui et a meeting with representatives of the Police mean media. By the word, "26 helicopters per dest" the president meet likely meant the strikes on</li> </ul>	Vehicles & fuel tanks	156	
		Zelenskyi at a meeting with representatives of the Baltic mass media. By the words "26 helicopters per day", the president most likely meant the strikes on Luhansk and Berdiansk airfields by ATACMS missiles on October 18. As for the destruction of 12 planes at a time, it is probably about the strike on the airfield in Saki, but Ukraine did not name the weapon with which it was hit there.	Special equipment	28	



12.01	<ul> <li>64 combat clashes took place at the front during the day.</li> <li>The northern part of the Black Sea is under the control of Ukraine, the Russian fleet has been pushed to the southeast. This was stated by the head of the Main Directorate of Intelligence Kyrylo Budanov in an interview with Le Monde. He added that neither Ukraine nor Russia can conduct an offensive through mining and the active use of UAVs. In the same interview, he noted that Ukraine needs more shells and artillery systems, in particular old, not only new technologies.</li> </ul>	Losses of the Russian army from 08.01.2023 to 14.01.2023	
		Liquidated personnel	5810
	The Russian Federation has announced its intention to start serial production of Drel glide bombs. It is indicated that the newest Drel glide bomb, the creation of which was announced back in 2016, has already passed all the tests specified by the Ministry of Defense. According to the Russian mass media, an aerial bomb can destroy armored vehicles, ground radar stations, power plant control points, and anti-aircraft missile systems. It is allegedly	Tanks	58
	<ul> <li>almost impossible to recognize on radars.</li> <li>NATO assumes that the war in Ukraine will not end even in 2025. The main points from the speech of NATO Deputy Secretary General Mircea Geoană</li> </ul>	IFVs	128
	on the Romanian TV channel are: NATO expects a protracted war with small offensives, and counter-offensives, with the conquest and loss of territory. Neither side currently has the military capability to win.	Artillery systems / MLRS	105/5
	<ul> <li>NATO needs Ukraine to survive, the Republic of Moldova to join Europe, and Georgia to join the Euro-Atlantic community.</li> <li>There is a problem with industrial capacity in Europe, for all 30 years Europeans thought that time would be quiet and peaceful after the end of the Cold War. At that time, the military-industrial complex of Russia met its today's needs. In addition, the DPRK and Iran send weapons to the Russian Federation.</li> </ul>	Anti-aircraft warfare systems	12
	Deputy Minister of Defense Lieutenant General Ivan Havryliuk announced that in 2023, 134 NATO standards will be put in place in Ukraine. But in 2024, it is planned to put in place 50 more NATO standards in the security sector.	Aircraft / helicopters	0/0
13.01	> 89 combat clashes took place at the front during the past day.	UAVs	43
	"On the night of January 13, 2024, the enemy launched a missile attack on Ukraine, using cruise, aeroballistic, ballistic, aviation, anti-aircraft guided missiles and attack UAVs. A total of 40 means of enemy air attack were recorded. As a result of combat work by the forces and means of the Air Force, in cooperation with the air defense forces of the Defense Forces, 7 cruise missiles Kh-101/Kh-555/Kh-55, and 1 guided air missile Kh-59 were destroyed At the same time, during this morning attack, the Russians did not use cruise missiles Kalibr sea-based missiles. The enemy group is practically closed, two units are patrolling in the Black Sea, one in the Sea of Azov. Missile carriers continue to be at base points. The stormy weather did not allow them to be used during this attack," said Natalia Humeniuk, the spokeswoman for the Operational Command South.	Ships/boats	0
		Vehicles & fuel tanks	156
		Special equipment	28



Military positions

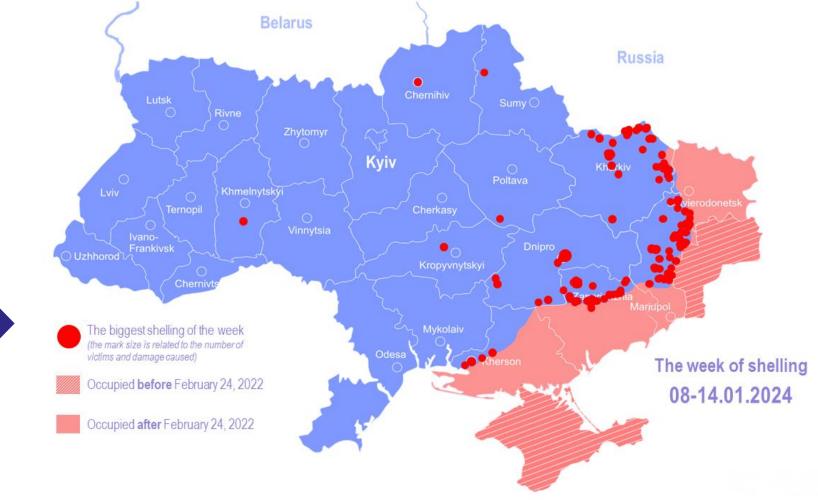


## ✓ During the past week, Russians launched 110 missile and 341 air strikes and fired over 330 MLRS attacks.

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Massive attacks throughout the week:	Kherson and oblast
<ul> <li>Attack on the night of January 7: The Ukrainian Air Defense Forces shot down 21 out of 28 drones.</li> <li>An educational institution and its dormitory, two high-rise buildings, and an administrative building were damaged due to the Russian nighttime attack on Dnipro.</li> <li>Falling drone debris damaged a private house and a power line in the Kropyvnytskyi district.</li> <li>Attack on the night of January 8: The Ukrainian forces destroyed 18 cruise missiles and eight drones. In total, the Russian army directed 59 different types of missiles and drones towards Ukraine. Russia targeted critical and civilian</li> </ul>	On January 7, Russia shelled the central part of Kherson twice. The Russians struck a residential house, where two people were killed and one woman was wounded. On the same day, the Russian forces hit the church in the village of Sadove, where one man was injured. On January 9, the Russian troops launched an attack on one of the settlements in the Bilozerka community, where a couple was wounded. On January 11, Russia targeted Ivanivka, where a house was struck. The body of a dead man was taken out under the rubble. Due to the Russian attack on Kherson on January 12, two people were killed.
infrastructure and industrial and military facilities. Forty-five people were wounded. Additionally, there were four	Kharkiv and oblast
casualties reported.	Throughout the week, Russia conducted the artillery and mortar attacks on Udy in the Bohodukhiv district; Kozacha
One person was killed. A fire broke out at the site of the attack. Also, three administrative buildings, two gas stations, a five-story building, and cars were damaged. In Kryvyi Rih, a mall and more than twenty private houses were damaged. There were four injuries reported. Additionally, there was a strike in the Lozuvatka community of the Kryvyi Rih district, where a 62-year-old	Lopan in the Kharkiv district; Hatyshche, Pletenivka, Zemlianky, Vovchansk, Bochkove, Budarky, Mala Vovcha, and Vilcha in the Chuhuiv district; Vesele, Dvorichna, Potykhonove, Synkivka, Pishchane, Kupiansk, Petropavlivka, Ivanivka, Tabaivka, Berestove, Vilkhuvatka, Kucherivka, and Podoly in the Kupiansk district; Vesele, and Slobozhanske in the Kharkiv district; Lozova in the Lozova district.
<ul> <li>woman was killed, and a residential house was destroyed.</li> <li>In the Khmelnytskyi oblast, three people were killed, and two others were injured due to the Russian attack.</li> <li>Russia struck Kharkiv at least four times, damaging an enterprise and an educational institution. A 53-year-old woman got minor injuries. In Zmiiv, the Kharkiv oblast, the Russians hit a residential house. There one woman was killed, and two men were rescued from the rubble. Additionally, at least three houses were damaged.</li> <li>In Zaporizhzhia, five explosions occurred, and five people were wounded during the Russian morning attack.</li> </ul>	On January 7, due to the Russian shelling of Nechvolodivka, a 50-year-old man was killed, and one woman was wounded. Additionally, a 17-year-old was injured in the attack on the village of Senkove. On the same day, Russia struck Kharkiv twice with S-300 missiles. Also, there were hits reported in the Vovchansk community. There was a hit near private residential buildings in one of the Kharkiv districts. Also, a social infrastructure building was hit in the Vovchansk community. There were no casualties or injuries reported. On the night of January 10, Russia destroyed a medical facility building and a canteen of a children's health center with S-300 missiles. There were no injuries
<ul> <li>The missiles hit residential areas - open areas and near houses.</li> <li>Attack on the night of January 13:</li> <li>The Ukrainian Air Defense Forces were operating in the Kirovohrad and Rivne oblasts. There were no casualties or damage reported.</li> </ul>	reported. On the same day, the Russian troops targeted the village of Vilkhuvatka with guided bombs, where a woman was killed. In addition, ten residential houses and a shop were damaged, and a fire broke out in a school. Moreover, Russia struck a civilian infrastructure building in Kharkiv, hitting a hotel in the city center with two S-300 missiles. There were eleven people injured.
In the Kremenchuk district of the Poltava oblast, an unexploded rocket fell, damaging an outbuilding. There were no fatalities reported.	Dnipropetrovsk oblast
<ul> <li>Falling missile debris landed in the Bobrovytsia microdistrict of Chernihiv. There were no casualties reported.</li> <li>Also, the Ukrainian Air Defense Forces were active in the Khmelnytskyi oblast. There was an aerial target shutdown reported.</li> </ul>	On January 7, falling missile debris destroyed one house and damaged sixteen others in the Dnipro district. Also, Russia attacked Nikopol with a one-way attack drone. There were no injuries or casualties reported. On the night of January 10, Russia targeted Nikopol with drones, damaging residential buildings, an outbuilding, and a power line. The Russians fired on the Marhanets community with artillery. There were no casualties or injuries reported.
Donetsk oblast	Zaporizhzhia and oblast
In the Volnovakha district, Novoukrainka in the Vuhledar community came under fire. An agricultural enterprise was damaged. In the Pokrovsk district, the Marinka, Kurakhove, Myrnohrad, Ocheretyne, and Hrodivka communities, Krasnohorivka, Novomykhailivka, Illinka, Avdiivka, Heorhiivka, Myrnohrad, Katerynivka, Hostre, Pokrovsk, Yelyzavetivka, Zhelanne, Berdychi, Kostiantynivka, Hrodivka, Kurakhove, Rivne were affected. A mine, an industrial building, an industrial zone, residential houses, high-rise buildings, a kindergarten, a paramedical and obstetric	During the week, Russia launched attacks on the cities and villages in the Zaporizhzhia oblast more than 400 times. Novoivanivka, Mala Tokmachka, Huliaipole, Novodarivka, Charivne, Poltavka, Orikhiv, Zaliznychne, Novoandriivka, Novodanylivka, Chervone, Bilohiria, Levadne, Preobrazhenka, Robotyne, Kamianske, Piatykhatky, Plavni, Malynivka, Stepove, Mali Shcherbaky, and Bilenke came under fire.
center, and an administrative building were damaged.	Sumy oblast
In the Kramatorsk district, Kostiantynivka, Bila Hora, Dyliivka, Predtechyne, Oleksandro-Shultyne, Nelipivka, Mykolaivka, the Kostiantynivka, and Lyman communities, Markove, Dyliivka, Yampil, Torske, Zarichne came under	On January 7, Russia directed one missile and two drones at Krolevets. There were 23 residential buildings damaged.
fire. The territory of the hospital and residential buildings were damaged. In the Bakhmut district, the Chasiv Yar, Soledar, Toretsk, and Zvanivka communities, Siversk, Zalizne, Chabachuridae, Desidentiale, Variationae, Variationae, Variationae, Nie Variationae, Siversk, Zalizne,	

Transatlantic Dialogue Shcherbynivka, Rozdolivka, Vasiukivka, Pereizne, Verkhnokamianske, Niu-York, Pivnichne were affected. Residential houses, high-rise buildings, an administrative building, and industrial buildings were damaged. There are injuries or casualties in all directions. Center www.tdcenter.org

This week shelling and strikes



## Kharkiv





**Donetsk oblast** 





Zaporizhzhia oblast









Dnipropetrovsk oblast



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- The National Resistance Center reports that the civilian population in the occupied territories has been left without access to quality healthcare. Most civilian hospitals are not functioning, more than half of them have already been converted into military hospitals, and some have been closed by the Russians due to a lack of staff. The occupiers have also launched an online service "I am in Russia" to speed up the passportization of the local population. The service is used to obtain a passport, and insurance and make an appointment with a doctor, but only if you have a Russian passport.
- Over the weekend, specialists of the Rescue Service assisted 87 people, including 20 children and 10 people with limited mobility, at the points of collection and boarding of evacuation vehicles. This was reported by the Main Directorate of the State Emergency Service in Donetsk Oblast.
- The press service of the Ministry of Health informs that Russia has damaged 1,501 medical facilities and destroyed another 195 during almost two years of full-scale war. 474 facilities have already been fully restored, while another 383 have been partially rebuilt or are in the process of being restored.
- The Russian invaders are threatening farmers in the temporarily occupied communities of Kherson and Zaporizhzhia Oblast to join the army. In a number of settlements, Russians sent written demands to all men of military age to immediately register for military service. This was reported by the press service of the Defense Intelligence of Ukraine.
- The BBC Ukraine article states that Russia is holding civilian Ukrainians in colonies on the occupied territory, as well as on its own. They were detained on the streets for opposing the "Special Military Operation" the Russian invasion. These prisoners are subjected to torture, and have no official charges, no trials, and no release dates, making it almost impossible to find them, and there are no mechanisms for their release. The "Find Ours" project estimates that there may be about 7,500 Ukrainians in Russia and the occupied territories.
- UkrGasVydobuvannya has produced more than 1 billion cubic meters of gas from new wells commissioned in 2023. This was reported by the press service of Naftogaz Group. It was noted that this was the best result of annual production from new wells since 2002.
- Ukraine has launched the project "I Want to Find" to search for missing Russian invaders. The goal is to encourage Russia to increase the number of exchanges of prisoners of war and bodies of the dead. This was reported by the Coordination Headquarters for the Treatment of Prisoners of War.
- Russian saboteurs shot a civilian man in Chernihiv Oblast. The shot man managed to take his child to the bus and was returning home. The deceased worked as a school bus driver in the village of Kostobobriv. This was reported to the Suspilne channel by the head of the Novhorod-Siverskyi District Administration Serhii Serhiienko.

- The blockade of the Ukrainian-Polish border continues. Currently, 1,900 trucks are waiting in line at three checkpoints, and despite the unblocking of the Shehyni-Medica checkpoint, another 900 trucks are waiting there. This was reported by the spokesman for the State Border Guard Service, Andrii Demchenko.
- In the temporarily occupied territories of the Kherson Oblast, Russians are giving Ukrainians discounted coal in exchange for a Russian passport. Currently, the temperature in the Kherson Oblast is below zero, and a significant number of villages are without electricity due to the inability of the occupation administration to ensure the region's vital functions. This was reported by the National Resistance Center.
- Russia still cannot solve the problem of electricity supply in the occupied territories. The National Resistance Center reports that most high-voltage lines in the occupied Kherson Oblast remain de-energized due to bad weather. Due to the shortage of energy sector workers, the occupiers cannot cope with the weather. At the end of 2023, the Russians connected the seized Ukrainian wind farms to their network, but the looting did not help the occupiers restore the region's life to the level of February 2022.
- The IAEA experts at Zaporizhzhia NPP have not yet received access to the reactor halls of power units 1, 2 and 6. This was reported by the IAEA press service. After the rotation of IAEA experts, the new team repeated the request for access to the reactor hall of the unit. The occupiers did not give permission, saying that the reactor hall was "sealed" and offered to gain access in a week.
- In the temporarily occupied territories of the Zaporizhzhia Oblast, representatives of the Russian "investigative committee" raided children's sports clubs in the city. The occupiers are trying to find informants for the Armed Forces of Ukraine among teenagers. This was reported by the Center of National Resistance.
- The self-proclaimed head of occupied Crimea Serhii Aksionov has classified any information about children deported from Ukraine to the peninsula, Reuters reports. He ordered to immediately inform Crimean institutions about requests from foreign media. Some of the perpetrators involved in the abduction of children are known by name, including "Deputy Minister of Health of Crimea" Kostiantyn Skorupskyi, one of the heads of the Crimean Medical University Denys Shaduro, and others.
- The Kherson Art Museum has already identified 80 paintings stolen by the occupiers. Fragments of 7 works were captured during the filming of two propaganda stories at the Central Museum of Tavrida (Crimea) in August and September 2023, the museum said. In total, the occupiers stole more than 10 thousand works of art from the collection of the Kherson Art Museum. They are now illegally in Crimea.



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